

# NFAT Luciferase Reporter Stable Cell Line

HeLa – catalog number SL-0018

NIH/3T3 - catalog number SL-0029

(For Research Use Only)

### Introduction

NFATs are a family of transcriptional factors that play an important role in immune response as well as in the development of cardiac, skeletal muscle, and nervous systems. NFATs are regulated by calcium signaling. Through calcium activation of the phosphatase calcineurin, NFATc proteins translocate from the cytoplasm into the nucleus, where they cooperate with other proteins to mediate gene expression. The nuclear import of NFAT is blocked by kinases such as PKA and GSK3. NFATs are also implicated in breast cancer. Signosis has established an NFAT luciferase reporter cell line that has been stably transfected with an NFAT-luciferase reporter construct. Via the analysis of luciferase, the cell line can be employed to monitor the cellular changes of NFAT activities that are triggered by stimulation, compound treatment, enforced gene expression, or gene knockdown.

## **Product description**

Signosis has developed NFAT luciferase reporter stable cell line by co-transfecting NFAT luciferase reporter vector and hygromycin expression vector. The hygromycin-resistant clones were subsequently screened for PMA+ionomycin-induced luciferase activity. The cell line can be used as a reporter system for monitoring the activation of NFAT triggered by stimuli treatments, gene overexpression, and gene knockdown.

# Materials provided

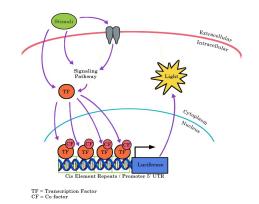
One vial of 2 x  $10^6$  cells, at passage 4, in Freezing Media. **IMPORTANT**: store the frozen cells in liquid nitrogen until you are ready to thaw and propagate them.

## Handling cells upon arrival



It is strongly recommended that you propagate the cells by following instructions as soon as possible upon arrival\*\*.

**IMPORTANT**: It is imperative that an adequate number of frozen stocks be made from early passages



as cells may undergo genotypic changes. Possible genetic instability in transfected cells may results in a decreased responsiveness over time in normal cell culture conditions.

## **Required Cell Culture Media**

- Complete Growth Media
  In 450mL of DMEM, add 50mL FBS (10% final)
  and 5mL Penicillin/Streptomycin (1% final).
- **2x Freezing Media** Add 10% DMSO (final) to Complete Growth Media and sterile filter. Make fresh each time.

**Materials required but not provided** (May be substituted with comparable third-party products):

Materials	Product number	
Dulbecco's Modified Eagles	Hyclone SH30243.01	
Medium (DMEM)		
Fetal Bovine Serum (FBS)	Fisherbrand P/N 03-	
	600-511	
Penicillin/Streptomycin	Hyclone P/N SV30010	
Trypsin	Hyclone P/N	
	SH30236.02	
Phosphate-buffered saline	Cellgro P/N 21-040-	
(PBS)	CV	
DMSO	Sigma P/N D8418	
96-well white plate	Greiner Bio-One P/N	
	655098	
Luciferase substrate	Signosis P/N LUC015	
Cell lysis buffer	Signosis P/N LS-001	
Hygromycin B (OPTIONAL)	Toku-E P/N H010	

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# **Initial Culture Procedure**

- 1. Quickly thaw cells in a 37°C water bath with careful agitation. Remove from the bath as soon as the vial is thawed.
- Transfer cells to a 100mm<sup>2</sup> dish (or T-25cm<sup>2</sup> flask) containing 10ml of Complete Growth Media.
- **3.** Gently rock the flask to ensure the cells are mixed well in the media. DO NOT PIPET.
- **4.** Place the flask with cells in a humidified incubator at 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.
- 5. After cells adhere (wait at least 8 hours to overnight), replace media with fresh Complete Growth Media.

# **Subculture Procedure**

1. After Cells have recovered and growing well subculture/passage cells when the density reaches 90-100% confluency, maintain and subculture the cells in Complete Growth Media.

Note: During the time that cells are not used for the experiment ideally, they can be maintained in Complete Growth Media with 50-100µg/ml of Hygromycin B.

- 2. Carefully remove the culture media from cells by aspiration.
- **3.** Rinse cells with PBS, being careful to not dislodge attached cells. Then remove PBS by aspiration.
- 4. Add 1-2 mL trypsin/Tris-EDTA solution.
- 5. Incubate with trypsin for 2-5 minutes (or until detached). Confirm detachment by observation under the microscope.
- **6.** Add 5-10ml of pre-warmed Complete Growth Media and gently pipet up and down to break the clumps.
- 7. Passage cells in 1:3 to 1:5 ratio when they reach 90% confluency.

NOTE: Stable cell lines may exhibit a slower proliferation rate compared to parental cells. Do not seed cells at suboptimal density as this may hinder cell growth and division.

#### Preparing frozen stocks

This procedure is designed for 100mm<sup>2</sup>dish or T-75cm<sup>2</sup> flask. Scale volumes accordingly to other vessels.

- 1. When cells reach 90-100% confluency, freeze them down.
- **2.** Detach cells according to "Subculture Procedure."
- **3.** Transfer cells to a 15ml conical centrifuge tube and centrifuge at 250 x g (or 2,000 RPM) for 5 minutes to collect the cells into a pellet.
- 4. Carefully aspirate the media and resuspend cells in 0.5mL complete growth media.

- 5. Add 0.5mL of **2X Freezing Media** and gently resuspend by pipetting up and down.
- 6. Transfer 1mL of cells into a cryogenic vial.
- 7. Place the cryogenic vial in a freezing container (*Nalgene # 5100-0001*) and store it at -80°C freezer overnight.
- **8.** Transfer cells to liquid nitrogen for long-term storage.

# Assay procedure

The following procedure should be followed as a guideline. You will need to optimize the assay conditions based on your experimental setup.

- The day before performing the assay, trypsinize the cells and seed each well of a white clearbottom 96 well plate with 1-3 x 10<sup>4</sup> cells in 100μl medium.
- **2.** Incubate the plate in a humidified incubator at  $37^{\circ}$ C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> overnight.
- **3.** Add inducing reagent directly to each well and incubate for an appropriate time to produce maximal induction.
- **4.** Remove the media by aspiration and add 100µl of PBS to each well.
- 5. Remove PBS by aspiration and add  $20\mu$ l of 1x lysis buffer to each well (To prepare 1x lysis buffer, add one volume of 5x lysis buffer to four volumes of distilled water).
- 6. Incubate cells in lysis buffer for 15-30 minutes at room temperature with gentle agitation.
- Add 100µl of luciferase substrate to each well and gently pipette up and down.
- 8. Immediately read the plate in a luminometer.

# For Data,

http://www.signosisinc.com/data/Luciferase\_Repor ter\_Stable\_Cell\_Lines

# Signosis Luciferase Reporter Stable Cell Lines

For a complete list of cell lines please visit our website at http://www.signosisinc.com/category/cell-based-assays

Transcription Factor	Pathway	Cell Line	Cat #
NFkB	NFkB	Hela; human cervical cancer	SL0001
NFkB	NFkB	NIH/3T3; mouse fibroblast	SL0006
NFkB	NFkB	HEK293; human embryonic kidney	SL0012
NFkB	NFkB	MCF-7; human breast cancer	SL0013
NFkB	NFkB	A549; human lung cancer	SL0014
NFkB	NFkB	HepG2; human river cancer	SL0017
NFkB	NFkB	MEF; murine embryonic fibroblast	SL0033
NFAT	Calcium Signaling	Jurkat; human T lymphocytes	SL0032
NFAT	Calcium Signaling	Hela; human cervical cancer	SL0018
p53	p53	Hela; human cervical cancer	SL0011
p53	p53	RKO; human colon cancer	SL0007
SMAD	TGFbeta	HepG2; human river cancer	SL0016
SMAD	TGFbeta	NIH/3T3; mouse fibroblast	SL0030
NRF2	Antioxidant Response	MCF7; human breast cancer	SL0010
STAT1	JAK-STAT	Hela; human cervical cancer	SL0004
STAT3	JAK-STAT	Hela; human cervical cancer	SL0003
HIF	Hypoxia Response	NIH/3T3; mouse fibroblast	SL0005
HIF	Hypoxia Response	Hela; human cervical cancer	SL0023
HIF	Hypoxia Response	Neuro2a; mouse neuroblastoma	SL0027
ER	Estrogen Receptor Signaling	T47D; human breast cancer	SL0002
AR	Androgen Receptor Signaling	MDA-MB-453; human breast cancer	SL0008
GR	Glucocorticoid Receptor Signaling	MDA-MB-453; human breast cancer	SL0009
GR	Glucocorticoid Receptor Signaling	Hela; human cervical cancer	SL0021
AP-1	JNK, ERK, MAPK Signaling	Hela; human cervical cancer	SL0019
CREB	cAMP, PICA, CaMK Signaling	HEK293; human embryonic kidney	SL0020
CREB	cAMP, PICA, CaMK Signaling	NIH/3T3; mouse fibroblast	SL0031
СНОР	Unfolded Protein Response, ER stress	Mia-Paca2; human pancreatic cancer	SL0025
TCF/LEF	Wnt/b-catenin	HEK293; human embryonic kidney	SL0015
TCF/LEF	Wnt/b-catenin	Hela; human cervical cancer	SL0022
TCF/LEF	Wnt/b-catenin	CHO-KI; Chinese Hamster Ovary	SL0028
ELK	MAPK Signaling	HEK293; human embryonic kidney	SL0040
ELK	MAPK Signaling	Hela; human cervical cancer	SL0041
IRF	Immune Response Pathway	HEK293; human embryonic kidney	SL0035

\*\* Signosis products are warranted for 30 days from the date of shipment, and this warranty is valid only if the product is stored and handled according to this user manual or product information sheet and shipped directly by Signosis.

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